	Affix Patient Label	
	Patient Name:	Date of Birth:

**Informed Consent
For Excision of Anal Papilla**

This information is given to you so that you can make an informed decision about having **Excision of Anal Papilla**.

Reason and Purpose of the Procedure

Anal papillas are protrusions like skin tags in the anal area. The area around the papilla is numbed with shots of a local anesthetic. The papilla is removed and sometimes a small dissolvable stitch is placed to prevent bleeding. The entire procedure takes 5-10 minutes. To remove anal papilla. To relieve rectal pain or discomfort.

Benefits of this Procedure

You might receive the following benefits. Your doctor cannot promise you will receive any of these benefits. Only you can decide if the benefits are worth the risk.

- Relief of rectal pain.

Risks of Procedure


No procedure is completely risk free. Some risks are well known. There may be risks not included in the list that your doctor cannot expect.

Risks of this Procedure

- Pain or discomfort. This can be controlled with pain medicines.
- Infection. This may require antibiotics.
- Increased rectal bleeding and drainage. This may require additional treatment.
- Allergic reaction to local anesthetic. This is rare.
- Anal Perforation (This is rare, but may require surgery.)

General Risks of Procedure

- Small areas of the lungs may collapse. This would increase the risk of infection. This may need antibiotic and breathing treatments.
- Clots may form in the legs, with pain and swelling. These are called DVTs or deep vein thrombosis. Rarely, part of the clot may break off and go to the lungs. This can be fatal.
- A strain on the heart or a stroke may occur.
- Bleeding may occur. If there is too much bleeding, you may need a transfusion.
- Reaction to the anesthetic may occur. The most common reactions are nausea and vomiting. In rare cases, death may occur. The Anesthesiologist will discuss this with you.

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Risks Associated with Smoking

Smoking is linked to an increased risk of infections. It can also lead to heart and lung complications and clot formation.

Risks Associated with Obesity

Obesity is linked to an increased risk of infections. It can also lead to heart and lung complications and clot formation.

Risks Specific to You

Alternative Treatments

Other choices:

- Your physician can discuss any other treatments for your particular symptoms.
- Do nothing. You can decide not to have the procedure

If You Choose Not to Have this Treatment

- Continued pain or discomfort.
- Continued issues with hygiene.
- May require surgery in future.

General Information

- During this procedure, the doctor may need to perform more or different procedures than I agreed to.
- During the procedure the doctor may need to do more tests or treatment.
- Tissues or organs taken from the body may be tested. They may be kept for research or teaching. I agree the hospital may discard these in a proper way.
- Students, technical sales people and other staff may be present during the procedure. My doctor will supervise them.
- Pictures and videos may be done during the procedure. These may be added to my medical record. These may be published for teaching purposes. My identity will be protected.

